ASEL Intelligence Report

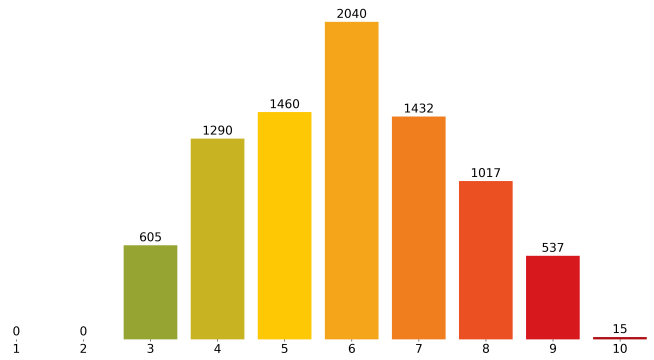
South Yorkshire
30th September 2026

England & Wales Overview

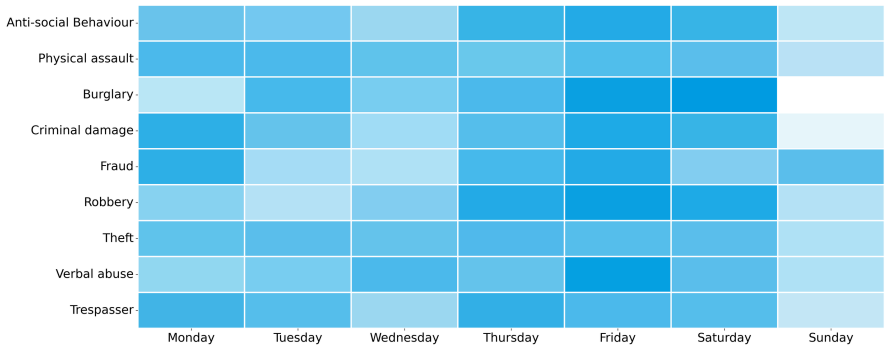
HIGHEST RISK

FORCE	Metropolitan Police
WARD	Abbey (Metropolitan Police)

Ward Count by Risk Score



Risk by Day of the Week



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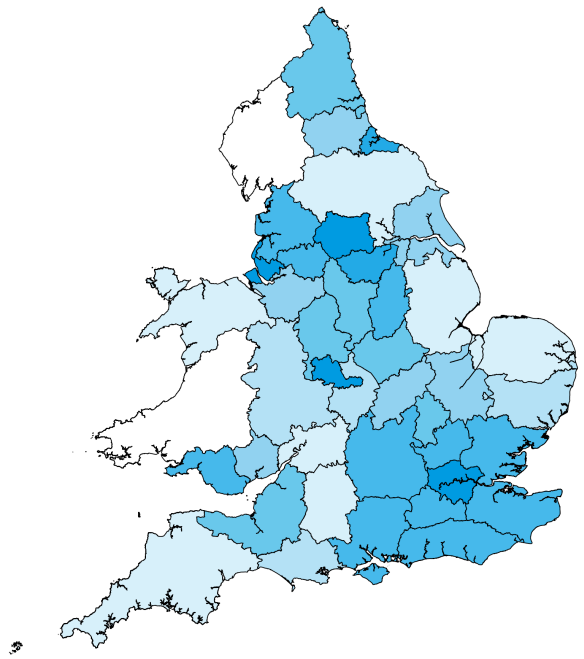


RANK	FORCE	HIGHEST RISK WARD
1	Metropolitan Police	Abbey
2	West Midlands	Abbey
3	West Yorkshire	Town
4	Merseyside	Park
5	South Yorkshire	Central
6	Cleveland	Central
7	Essex	Trinity
8	Kent	Park
9	Hampshire	Nelson
10	Nottinghamshire	Abbey
11	Hertfordshire	Park
12	South Wales	Castle
13	Lancashire	Trinity
14	Sussex	Castle
15	Thames Valley	Abbey
16	Greater Manchester	St Mary's
17	Surrey	Castle
18	Staffordshire	Castle
19	Northumbria	Castle
20	Avon and Somerset	Central
21	Leicestershire	Abbey
22	Bedfordshire	Central
23	Derbyshire	Abbey
24	London, City of	Bridge
25	Cheshire	Highfield
26	Humberside	Park
27	Gwent	Park
28	Cambridgeshire	Central
29	Durham	Northgate
30	Northamptonshire	Castle
31	West Mercia	Abbey
32	Dorset	Bournemouth Central
33	Warwickshire	St Mary's
34	Suffolk	St Peter's
35	Norfolk	Nelson
36	North Wales	Abbey
37	Devon & Cornwall	Stoke
38	Lincolnshire	Castle
39	Wiltshire	Central
40	North Yorkshire	Castle
41	Gloucestershire	Abbey
42	Cumbria	Castle
43	Dyfed-Powys	Tyisha

Force: South Yorkshire

HIGHEST RISK LOCATION

Central | 9 | High

Ranked 1 in South Yorkshire, Central ward faces extremely high risks (rating 10) of 'Violence and sexual offences', 'Criminal damage and arson', 'Anti-social behaviour', and several asset crimes. Risks related to 'Night-time economy', 'Retail parks', and 'Schools' are also extreme. 'Homelessness' risk is high (8), whereas 'Wellbeing' is low (2). Overall, Policing must prioritise multi-faceted threats.

OTHER HIGH RISK LOCATIONS

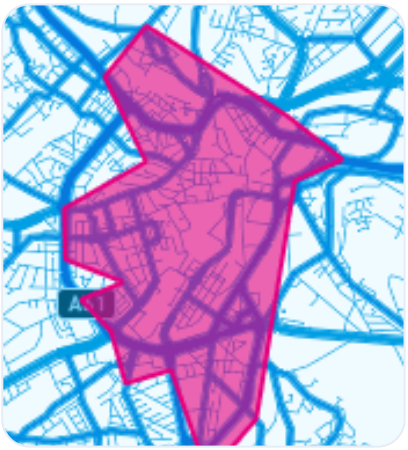
Town

9 | High

Town ward ranks 2 in South Yorkshire with extremely likely risks (10) across 'Public order', 'Shoplifting', 'Burglary', and 'Drugs'. There is also extreme likelihood in 'Night-time economy', 'Retail parks', and 'Major junctions'. Homelessness risk is high (8) but wellbeing remains low (2). Policing efforts should focus on urban crime and disorder shown by these heightened risks.

City

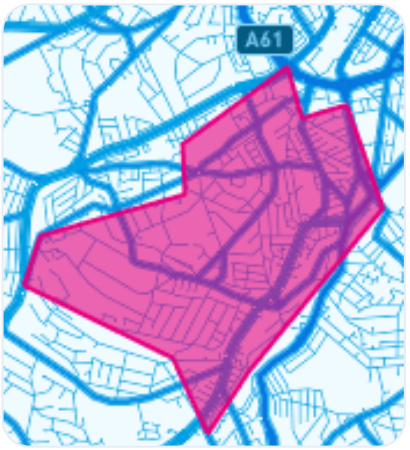
8 | Moderate



City ward is ranked 3 in South Yorkshire and experiences moderate risks (8) in general, including 'Violence and sexual offences' and 'Criminal damage'. Other risks like 'Night-time economy' and 'Fast food outlets' are extremely likely (10). Homelessness risk is high (8) with low 'Wellbeing' (2), signalling focus needed on social issues accompanying moderate violence risks.

Nether Edge and Sharrow

8 | Moderate



Nether Edge and Sharrow ward ranks 4 in South Yorkshire, evidencing moderate risk levels (8) mainly in 'Violence and sexual offences', 'Criminal damage', and 'Public order'. Risks associated with 'Night-time economy' are extreme (10) despite low resident density. Homelessness score is high (8), highlighting social vulnerabilities alongside moderate crime risks to be addressed by Policing.

Top and Trending Risks

RISK	SCORE	TREND
Asset Crime - Theft of Vehicle	9	
Asset Crime - Vehicle Damage	9	
Asset Crime - Arson	9	
Theft - Theft by Employee	9	
Theft - Fuel Drive Off (Bilking)	9	
Asset Crime - Criminal Damage	9	
Public Order - Protest	9	
Theft - Self Service Theft	9	
Theft - Steaming Attacks	8	
Burglary & Robbery - ATM Rip Out	8	

Observations

The risk landscape in South Yorkshire is characterised by consistently high likelihoods across a range of asset-related and theft risks, with all top 10 risks scoring between 8.0 and 9.0 out of 10. These risk scores are derived from a combination of demographic, environmental, and historical data inputs, providing an objective measure of the probability of these risks manifesting. The highest risks, all rated at 9.0, include 'Asset Crime - Theft of Vehicle', 'Asset Crime - Vehicle Damage', and 'Asset Crime - Arson', indicating a significant vulnerability in vehicle-related crimes and property damage. These are followed closely by various theft risks such as 'Theft by Employee' and 'Fuel Drive Off (Bilking)', reflecting ongoing concerns around internal and opportunistic theft in the region.~~In terms of ranking, the top six risks are all asset crime or theft-related, highlighting a concentrated threat area for South Yorkshire. Public order risks, such as 'Protest', also feature in the top 10 but with slightly lower risk scores, suggesting a moderate likelihood of disruption without a significant upward or downward trend. Notably, the risk scores have remained stable since last month, with no changes in trend indicated across the board. This stability suggests that the factors influencing these risks have not shifted markedly in the short term, maintaining a consistent risk environment.~~Considering South Yorkshire's urban and industrial context, the prominence of vehicle-related asset crime and theft risks is consistent with known vulnerabilities in areas with mixed residential and commercial zones. The absence of upward trends may reflect effective mitigation or stable socio-economic conditions, but the persistently high risk scores underline the ongoing potential threat to property and public safety. While these risks do not directly indicate immediate threats to life, the implications for community safety and economic wellbeing remain significant, warranting continued monitoring.

Police Reported Incidents

CRIME TYPE	PREVIOUS	CURRENT	TREND
Anti social behaviour	2440	2662	
Criminal damage and arson	1177	1231	
Vehicle crime	684	752	
Violence and sexual offences	5209	5193	
Other theft	828	745	
Public order	1126	1171	
Bicycle theft	64	86	
Burglary	608	540	
Drugs	320	235	
Shoplifting	1354	1549	
Other crime	434	365	
Robbery	169	196	
Theft from the person	70	59	
Possession of weapons	175	154	

In South Yorkshire, the most notable increases this month are in 'Shoplifting' and 'Robbery', both showing significant rises in absolute and percentage terms, which is concerning for retail security. 'Anti-social behaviour' and 'Vehicle crime' also saw marked increases, indicating growing public safety challenges. Conversely, 'Drugs' offences and 'Burglary' have decreased notably, suggesting some shifts in criminal focus or enforcement. Crimes such as 'Violence and sexual offences' and 'Other theft' remain relatively stable, showing little change month-on-month. The rise in 'Shoplifting' alongside 'Robbery' is particularly worrying as it directly impacts retail environments and could signal escalating risks to staff and customers. Overall, while some crime types remain steady, the upward trends in theft-related offences highlight areas requiring attention from a safety perspective.

ASEL Incidents

CRIME TYPE	PREVIOUS	CURRENT	TREND
Physical Assault	0	0	
Verbal Abuse	0	0	
Robbery	0	0	
Burglary	0	0	
Theft	0	0	
Antisocial Behaviour	0	0	
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	
Criminal Damage	0	0	
Trespass	0	0	
Fraud	0	0	

Across all incident categories, ASEL has recorded zero incidents within this Force area. This lack of reported activity suggests that ASEL does not have a sufficient operational presence or in the region to support reliable trend analysis or meaningful comparisons with other data sources. Accordingly, ASEL has been excluded from the overall risk likelihood scoring for this area, and its weighting has been redistributed across other available indicators, including crime statistics, demographic profiles, and environmental risk factors.

Force: South Yorkshire

Appendix A: Full Risk Catalogue

CRIME TYPE	PREVIOUS	CURRENT	TREND
Violence & Abuse - Physical Assault	8	8	
Violence & Abuse - Verbal Abuse	8	8	
Violence & Abuse - Sexual Assault	8	8	
Violence & Abuse - Sexual Harassment	8	8	
Violence & Abuse - Hate Crime	7	7	
Burglary & Robbery - Unarmed Robbery	8	8	
Burglary & Robbery - Armed Robbery	8	8	
Burglary & Robbery - Ram Raid	8	8	
Burglary & Robbery - ATM Rip Out	8	8	
Burglary & Robbery - Burglary	8	8	
Burglary & Robbery - Walk in Burglary	8	8	
Theft - Steaming Attacks	8	8	
Theft - Trolley Pushout	8	8	
Theft - From Service Desk	8	8	
Theft - Concealment	8	8	
Theft - Self Service Theft	9	9	
Theft - Fuel Drive Off (Bilking)	9	9	
Theft - By Employee	9	9	
Asset Crime - Arson	9	9	
Asset Crime - Criminal Damage	9	9	
Asset Crime - Vehicle Damage	9	9	
Asset Crime - Theft of Vehicle	9	9	
Public Order - Riot	8	8	
Public Order - Protest	9	9	
Public Order - Antisocial Behaviour	8	8	
Public Order - Drug Usage	7	7	
Public Order - Rough Sleepers	7	7	
Trespassing - Out of Hours	8	8	
Trespassing - Encampment	8	8	
Trespassing - In Hours	8	8	
Trespassing - Squatting	7	7	
Fraud - Voucher Fraud	7	7	
Fraud - Returns Fraud	7	7	

Credits

- Crime data sourced from Police.uk
- Demographic information obtained from the UK Census
- Prints use map data from Mapbox and OpenStreetMap and their data sources
- To learn more, visit https://www.mapbox.com/about/maps and http://www.openstreetmap.org/copyright
- Images provided by Unsplash